Atty. Docket No. 42P16330X Examiner MURPHY, Rhonda L. TC/A.U. 2616

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the

application:

1-29. (Canceled)

30. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

receiving content for transmission from a plurality of more than two transmit

antennae, wherein the received content is a vector of input symbols (s) of size Nc x 1,

wherein Nc is the number of subcarriers of the multicarrier wireless communication

channel; and

generating a rate-one, space-frequency code matrix from the received content for

transmission via the plurality of more than two transmit antennae by dividing the vector

of input symbols into a number G of groups to generate subgroups and multiplying at

least a subset of the subgroups by a constellation rotation precoder to produce a number

G of pre-coded vectors  $(v_2)$ , wherein successive symbols from the same group

transmitted from the same antenna are at a frequency distance that is multiples of NG

subcarrier spacings.

31. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 30, further

comprising:

dividing each of the pre-coded vectors into a number of LM x 1 subvectors; and

-2-

creating an  $M \times M$  diagonal matrix  $D_{\mathbf{s}_g,k} = diag\{\Theta^T_{M \times (k-1)+1}\mathbf{s}_g, \cdots, \Theta^T_{M \times k}\mathbf{s}_g\}$ , where k=1...L from the subvectors.

32. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 31, further comprising:

interleaving the L submatrices from the G groups to generate an  $M \times Nc$  space-frequency matrix.

- 33. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 32, wherein the space-frequency matrix provides MNL channel diversity, while preserving a code rate of 1 for any number of transmit antenna(s) M, receive antenna(s) N and channel tap(s) L.
- 34. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 30, wherein the space-frequency matrix provides MNL channel diversity, while preserving a code rate of 1 for any number of transmit antenna(s) M, receive antenna(s) N and channel tap(s) L.
  - 35. (Currently Amended) An apparatus comprising:

a diversity agent to receive content for transmission via a multicarrier wireless communication channel, wherein the received content is a vector of input symbols (s) of size  $Nc \times 1$ , wherein Nc is the number of subcarriers of the multicarrier wireless communication channel, and to generate a rate-one, space-frequency code matrix from the received content for transmission on the multicarrier wireless communication channel

from a plurality of <u>more than two</u> transmit antennae by dividing the vector of input symbols into a number G of groups to generate subgroups and multiplying at least a subset of the subgroups by a constellation rotation precoder to produce a number G of pre-coded vectors  $(v_g)$ , wherein successive symbols from the same group transmitted from the same antenna are at a frequency distance that is multiples of NG subcarrier spacings.

36. (Currently Amended) An apparatus according to claim 35, the diversity agent further comprising:

a space-frequency encoding element, responsive to the pre-coder element, to divide each of the pre-coded vectors into a number of  $LM \times I$  subvectors, and to create an  $M \times M$  diagonal matrix  $D_{\mathbf{s}_k,k} = diag\{\Theta_{M \circ (k-1):1}^T \mathbf{s}_s, \cdots, \Theta_{M \circ k}^T \mathbf{s}_s\}$ , where k=1...L from the subvectors.

- 37. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 36, wherein the space-frequency encoding element interleaves the L submatrices from the G groups to generate an  $M \times Nc$  space-frequency matrix.
- 38. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 37, wherein the space-frequency matrix provides MNL channel diversity, while preserving a code rate of 1 for any number of transmit antenna(s) M, receive antenna(s) N and channel tap(s) L.

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39. (Previously Presented) An apparatus according to claim 35, wherein the space-frequency matrix provides MNL channel diversity, while preserving a code rate of 1 for any number of transmit antenna(s) M, receive antenna(s) N and channel tap(s) L.

## 40. (Currently Amended) A system comprising:

a number M of omnidirectional antennas, wherein M comprises more than two onmidirectional antennas; and

a diversity agent, to receive content for transmission via a multicarrier wireless communication channel, wherein the received content is a vector of input symbols (8) of size  $Nc \times 1$ , wherein Nc is the number of subcarriers of the multicarrier wireless communication channel, and to generate a rate-one, space-frequency code matrix from the received content for transmission on the multicarrier wireless communication channel from at least a subset of the M omnidirectional antennas by dividing the vector of input symbols into a number G of groups to generate subgroups and multiplying at least a subset of the subgroups by a constellation rotation precoder to produce a number G of pre-coded vectors  $(v_g)$ , wherein successive symbols from the same group transmitted from the same antenna are at a frequency distance that is multiples of NG subcarrier spacings.

- (Previously Presented) A system according to claim 40, the diversity agent further comprising:
- a space-frequency encoding element, responsive to the pre-coder element, to divide each of the pre-coded vectors into a number of  $LM \times I$  subvectors, and to create an

 $M \times M$  diagonal matrix  $D_{\mathbf{s}_z,k} = diag\{\Theta_{M \times (k-1) + 1}^T \mathbf{s}_z, \cdots, \Theta_{M \times k}^T \mathbf{s}_z\}$ , where  $k = l \dots L$  from the subvectors.

- 42. (Previously Presented) A system according to claim 41, wherein the space-frequency encoding element interleaves the L submatrices from the G groups to generate an  $M \times Nc$  space-frequency matrix.
- 43. (Previously Presented) A system according to claim 42, wherein the space-frequency matrix provides MNL channel diversity, while preserving a code rate of 1 for any number of transmit antenna(s) M, receive antenna(s) N and channel tap(s) L.
- 44. (Previously Presented) A system according to claim 40, wherein the space-frequency matrix provides MNL channel diversity, while preserving a code rate of 1 for any number of transmit antenna(s) M, receive antenna(s) N and channel tap(s) L.